INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2009

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Officials

Name	<u>Title</u>	Term <u>Expires</u>
	Board of Education	
	(Before September 2008 Election)	
Lowell Crouse Mark Huntrods Jeff Lindemoen Amy VanMaanen Bob Pritchard	President Vice President	2008 2009 2009 2010 2008
	(After September 2008 Election)	
Lowell Crouse Mark Huntrods Jeff Lindemoen Amy VanMaanen Lori Churchill	President Vice President	2009 2011 * 2009 2011 * 2011

School Officials

Doug Miller Superintendent

Bonnie Mitchell District Secretary/
Treasurer

* Board term extended per the District's transition plan for changing Board terms from 3 to 4 years in accordance with Chapter 39.24 of the Code of Iowa.

BRUCE D. FRINK

Certified Public Accountant

Independent Auditor's Report

Member:

- American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- Iowa Society of Certified Public Accountants

Services:

- Individual & Corporate Tax Preparation, Partnerships, Estate & Trust
- · Year Round Tax Planning
- · Electronic Filing
- Payroll & Sales Tax Preparation
- · I.R.S. Representation
- · Monthly/Quarterly Write-Up
- · Data Processing Services
- · Payroll Preparation
- Computerized Financial Statements
- Business/Personal Financial Planning
- · Bank Loan Assistance
- Section 105 Medical Plan Administration

Plus:

- Over 30 years of Expertise and Experience
- Evenings & Saturdays Available by Appointment
- Extended Hours During Tax
 Season

To the Board of Education of Collins-Maxwell Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, and each major fund of Collins-Maxwell Community School District, Maxwell Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District officials. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities and each major fund of Collins-Maxwell Community School District at June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated January 5, 2010 on our consideration of Collins-Maxwell Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information on pages 4 through 14 and 34 through 35 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Collins-Maxwell Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the five years ended June 30, 2008 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 3, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Bruce D. Frish

BRUCE D. FRINK
Certified Public Accountant

January 5, 2010

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Collins-Maxwell Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

2009 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues increased from \$4,430,272 in fiscal 2008 to \$4,513,106 in fiscal 2009, while General Fund expenditures increased from \$4,328,180 in fiscal 2008 to \$4,459,926 in fiscal 2009.
- The increase in General Fund revenues was attributable to increases in local and federal tax revenues. The increase in expenditures was due primarily to an increase in salary and benefits. The General Fund balance increased approximately 3% due primarily to funding increases and cost containment measures.
- The statewide sales and service tax has allowed the District to minimize the property tax levy for debt payments. The District's PPEL (Physical Plant and Equipment Levy) will continue to provide additional funding for the coming years. These supports, along with careful management, should assist the Collins-Maxwell School in remaining on solid financial footing for the foreseeable future.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Collins-Maxwell Community School District as a whole and present an overall view of the District's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report Collins-Maxwell Community School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which Collins-Maxwell Community School District acts solely as an agent or custodian for the benefit of those outside of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the Student Activity and Private Purpose Trust funds.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

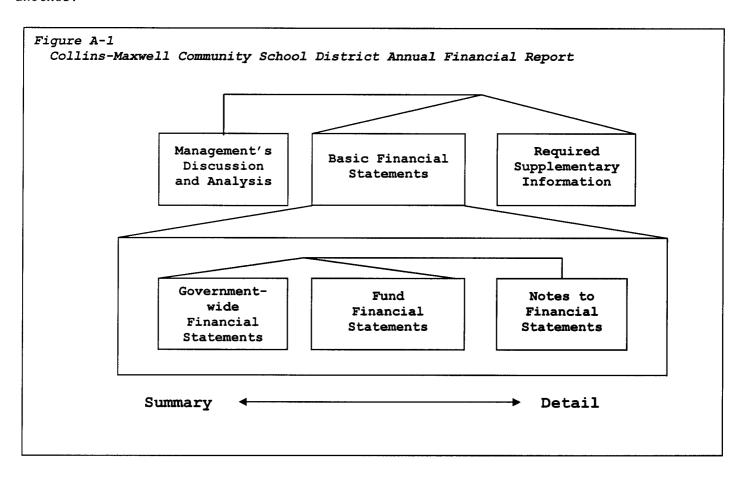


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

Figure A-2 Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-wide			
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Fund	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activity the District operates similar to private businesses: food services.	Instances in which the district administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs
Required financial statements	• Statement of net assets • Statement of activities	 Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances 	• Statement of net assets • Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets • Statement of cash flows	 Statement of fiduciary net assets Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - are one way to measure the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, need to be considered.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The District has elected to present all governmental funds as "major" for presentation purposes.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds, or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as federal grants.

The District has three kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Fund, one type of proprietary fund, is the same as its business type activities but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has one Enterprise Fund, the School Nutrition Fund.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses, changes in net assets and a statement of cash flows.

- 3) Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. These funds include Private-Purpose Trust Funds.
 - Private-Purpose Trust Fund The District accounts for outside donations for scholarships for individual students in this fund.

The District is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in the fiduciary funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The required financial statements for fiduciary funds include a statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2009 compared to June 30, 2008.

	Figure A-3 Condensed Statement of Net Assets (Expressed in Thousands)							
	Governm Activi		(Expression Businession Activi	s type	usands) Tot Distr		Total Change	
	June	30,	June	30,	June	30,	June 30,	
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2008-2009	
Current assets	\$ 4,496	4,154	47	45	4,543	4,199	8.19%	
Capital assets	3,544	3,645	3	5	3,547	3,650	-2.82%	
Total assets	8,040	7,799	50	50	8,090	7,849	3.07%	
Current liabilities	1,712	1,610	5	5	1,717	1,615	6.32%	
Non-current liabilities	1,678	1,966			1,678	1,966	- <u>14.65</u> %	
Total liabilities	3,390	3,576	5	5	3,395	3,581	- <u>5.19</u> %	
Net Assets								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	1,899	1,725	3	5	1,902	1,730	9.94%	
Restricted	1,017	838	-	-	1,017	838	21.36%	
Unrestricted	1,734	1,660	42	40	1,776	1,700	4.47%	
Total net assets	\$ 4,650	4,223	45	45	4,695	4,268	<u>10.00</u> %	

The District's combined net assets were larger at June 30, 2009 than June 30, 2009. The majority of the increase occurred as a result of increases in the General and Capital Projects Funds.

Figure A-4 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2009 compared to the year ended June 30, 2009.

					Figure A-4			
				_	ges in Net A ssed in Tho			
		Governn	nental		ss type	Total		Total
		Activi	ties	Activ		School D		Change
	2	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2008-2009
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for service								
and sales	\$	99	118	95	97	194	215	-9.77%
Operating grants,								
contributions and								
restricted interest		945	870	73	64	1,018	934	8.99%
General revenues:								
Property tax	1	544	1,412	-	-	1,544	1,412	9.35%
Income surtax		68	63	-	-	68	63	7.94%
Local option sales tax		547	508	-	-	547	508	7.68%
Unrestricted state grants	2	2,183	2,231	-	_	2,183	2,231	-2.15%
Unrestricted investment								
earnings		46	52	-	-	46	52	-11.54%
Other		53	20		<u> </u>	53	20	<u>165.00</u> %
Total revenues		485	5,274	168	161	5,653	5,435	4.01%
Program expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
Instruction	3	3,391	3,132	-	_	3,391	3,132	8.27%
Support Services		.297	1,275	_	-	1,297	1,275	1.73%
Non-instructional programs		_	_	168	168	168	168	0.00%
Other expenses		370	520	-	_	370	520	-28.85%
Total expenses		5,058	4,927	168	168	5,226	5,095	2.57%
-								
Change in net assets	\$	427	347	-	(7)	427	340	<u>25.59</u> %

Property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 66% of the total revenue. The District's expenses primarily relate to instruction and support services which account for 90% of the total expenses. The District continues to direct a greater percentage of its resources to areas that directly effect student education.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$5,485,198 and expenses were \$5,057,723 for the year ended June 30, 2009.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities, instruction, support services and other expenses, for the year ended June 30, 2009 compared to the year ended June 30, 2008.

				Figure	A-5		
			Total and	Net Cost of Go	vernmental :	Activities	
				(Expressed in	Thousands)		
		Total	Cost of Ser	vices	Net	Cost of Serv	ices
				Change			Change
		2009	2008	2008-2009	2009	2008	2008-2009
Instruction	\$	3,391	3,132	8.27%	2,535	2,347	8.01%
Support services		1,297	1,275	1.73%	1,295	1,262	2.61%
Other expenses		370	520	-28.85%	183	330	- <u>44.55</u> %
Totals	\$	5,058	4,927	2.66%	4,013	3,939	<u>1.88</u> %

For the year ended June 30, 2009:

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$99,124.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$571,179.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$1,543,305 in property tax, \$2,183,207 in state foundation aid and \$46,305 in interest income.

Business Type Activities

Revenues for business type activities during the year ended June 30, 2009 were \$168,228 and expenses totaled \$168,511. The District's business type activities include the School Nutrition Fund. Revenues of these activities were comprised of charges for service, federal and state reimbursements and investment income.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As previously noted Collins-Maxwell Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds, as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$2,730,351, a nine percent increase over last year's ending fund balances of \$2,494,098. The majority of the increase resulted from the increases in General and Capital Projects Fund balances.

Governmental Fund Highlights

- Great support from the music boosters, the athletic boosters and Partners in Education provided outstanding supplementary support for our students.
- The District was successful in maintaining Adequate Yearly Progress academically to remain off the No Child Left Behind watch list.
- Collins-Maxwell FFA students attended the national convention and participated in many competitions.

- Extra-curricular and co-curricular activities did very well with large group band and vocal receiving high ratings at state competition. Members of the high school music department enjoyed the bi-annual music trip to Kansas City. On the way, the Indianola music department critiqued them prior to competing in Kansas City. The junior high band played the National Anthem at an I-Cubs game in Des Moines again this year. Students and teams in speech, football, wrestling, cross-country and track all advanced to state level competition status with great success.
- Computers were maintained and updated and firewall protection upgraded at a cost of about \$7,000. The computer monitoring the Maxwell building security system and a camera were replaced for around \$2,200.
- Six scanners and three projectors were secured through CDW-G for a total of over \$1,800.
- The after-school and summer school programs were extended for another year. Outside
 funding for the program has been significantly reduced the past few years and
 documentation requirements and paperwork for securing additional funding have increased.
 The District will have to assess the value of the program compared to the cost for
 future years.
- Significant repairs on the hearting/cooling system were made. Repairs on the boiler piping and hot water heater in Maxwell were made. Total HVAC expenditures approached \$7,000.
- All bathrooms, hallways, the media center and the office area in Collins were repainted. The middle school bathrooms were renovated and new partitions were installed.
- A new copier with network capabilities was purchased for the elementary building. A near-new copier/fax machine was purchased for the secondary building as well as a copier with import capabilities to use for the school newsletter. The quality of print in the newsletter, especially for pictures, was greatly improved through this upgrade.
- The secondary building intercom system was repaired for about \$2,000. It is believed that lightning damaged the control panel.
- Exterior lighting at both buildings was upgraded, as was the wiring in the Maxwell Commons concession stand. A break-in at the elementary in Collins and the need to better illuminate the flag and Maxwell circle drive entry way prompted the action. Costs were about \$7,400 for all electrical projects.
- The elevator servicing the wrestling room was repaired for \$975.
- A new 18-foot trailer was purchased from Snappy's Trailer in Des Moines for \$2,150 less trade in \$400 for the old trailer.
- The major transportation purchase was a 2009 Ford 8-passenger van from Charles Gabus Ford. The list price was over \$32,000, but through the state bid process, we paid \$20,216.48.

Proprietary Fund Highlights

The School Nutrition Fund balance decreased slightly as expenses and revenues remained constant.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. Although the budget document presents functional area expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on the GAAP basis of accounting. A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity is included in the required supplementary information section of this report. Since the District does not adopt a budget for individual funds, budgets for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds are not presented in the budgetary comparison on pages 34 and 35.

Legal Budgetary Highlights

The District's receipts were \$658,292 less than budgeted receipts, a variance of 14%. The most significant variance resulted from the District receiving less local and state source revenues than anticipated.

Total expenditures were less than budgeted, due primarily to the District's budget for the General Fund. It is the District's practice to budget expenditures at the maximum authorized spending authority for the General Fund. The District then manages or controls General Fund spending through its line-item budget. As a result, the District's certified budget should always exceed actual expenditures for the year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2009, the District had invested \$3.5 million, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, athletic facilities, computers, audio-visual equipment and transportation equipment. (See Figure A-6) This represents a net decrease of 4% from last year. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements. Depreciation expense for the year was \$137,994.

The original cost of the District's capital assets was \$7,944,901. Governmental funds account for \$7,926,368, with the remainder of \$18,533 accounted for in the Proprietary, School Nutrition Fund.

		Figure A-6 Condensed Statement of Net Assets (Expressed in Thousands)						
		Governm Activi		Busines Activi	s Type ties	Tot: Distr	ict	Total Change
		June 2009	2008	June 2008	2009	June 2009	2008	June 30, 2008-2009
Land	\$	226	226	-	-	226	226	0.00%
Site improvements		48	60	-	-	48	60	-20,00%
Buildings		3,185	3,296	-	-	3,185	3,296	-3.37%
Furniture and equipment	_	85	63	3	5	104	133	- <u>21.80</u> %
Totals	\$	3,544	3,645	3	5	3,563	3,715	- <u>4.09</u> %

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2009, the District had \$1,920,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding. This represents a decrease of approximately 14% from last year (See Figure A-7). Additional information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Figure A-7						
Outstanding Long-Term Obligations						
(Expressed in Thousa	ınds)					
Total	Total					
District	Change					
June 30,	June 30,					

2008

1,920

2008-2009

-14.32%

General obligation bonds

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

2009

1,645

- Enrollment is down again this year. Projections are for enrollment to decline next year and then become steady or increase slightly. A cumulative loss in enrollment of more than 40 students over the past two years and this year is projected.
- State budget cuts and declining enrollment have forced consideration of re-allocation of funds and re-allocation of personnel. The 1.5% across-the-board funding cut of this year, the elimination of Phase I funding for next year, and the reduction of most special education students weighting over the past couple of years have all further strained the budget. To date, we have maintained current staffing and program. Without increased funding or enrollment, long-term shortfalls of revenue coupled with increased costs of staff, benefits, fuel and supplies will impact all facets of the education system.
- Fuel and utility costs remain major budgetary concerns. Through combining after-school trips and coordinating practices whenever possible, the District used 2000 gallon less fuel this year than last year. Through these saving measures, a reduction of \$15,000 on fuel costs were realized. Thanks to the athletic directors and coaches for their conservation efforts. Utility costs mirrored these reductions.
- The District will have to take a long look and analyze the cost compared to the
 educational value of summer school and the after school program. Outside funding for
 these programs has been eliminated, so the full program cost will have to be absorbed by
 the District.
- The District will implement a pre-kindergarten program beginning the fall of 2009. Curriculum in the amount of \$3,500 has been purchased and equipment will be purchased for the August beginning date. An unsuccessful attempt at receiving state funding for the program was disappointing. However, our point total of 318 was very close to this year's minimum funded score of 334. With a few additional actions in the FY10 school year, it is hoped that the grant will be secured next year.
- Interest rates have decreased significantly causing interest revenues to be reduced.
- Several new homes are being constructed in the school district that should either directly or indirectly generate affordable housing for families with school-age children.
- Open enrollment in has decreased and open enrollment out has increased slightly-both are not positive indicators.
- Health insurance remains a major expense for the District. Rate increases of 9.6% were incurred this year. A buy-down program (partial self-funding) was initiated in an attempt to control premium costs.

- Major roof repairs for the Maxwell 1931 section are needed. The board decided to contract with a facilities assessment group to generate a long-rang plan prior to deciding the extent of repairs for the roof. At the close of the 2009 fiscal year, no decision had been made regarding this project.
- It was decided to demolish the school-owned rental property at 605 3rd in Maxwell due to the need for significant expenditure of resources if we are to maintain it as a residential dwelling.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Bonnie Mitchell, Business Manager, Collins-Maxwell Community School District, 400 Metcalf St, Maxwell, IA 50161.



Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2009

			Business Type Activities	
		vernmental	School	mar al
	A	ctivities	Nutrition	Total
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$	2,653,597	40,944	2,694,541
Receivables:				
Property tax:				
Current year		22 , 776	-	22 , 776
Succeeding year		1,677,187	_	1,677,187
Income surtax - succeeding year		57,612	-	57,612
Due from other governments		47 , 974	-	47,974
Other receivables		36,263	-	36,263
Inventories		-	5,566	5,566
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		3,544,281	3,026	3,547,307
Total assets		8,039,690	49,536	8,089,226
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		6,171	-	6,171
Unearned revenues		_	4,732	4,732
Accrued interest payable		4,701	-	4,701
Deferred revenue - Succeeding year property tax		1,677,187	-	1,677,187
- Federal programs		24,088	-	24,088
Long-term liabilities:				
Portion due within one year:				
General obligation bonds payable		280,000	-	280,000
Early retirement		32,713	-	32,713
Portion due after one year:				
General obligation bonds payable		1,365,000		1,365,000
Total liabilities		3,389,860	4,732	3,394,592
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,899,281	3,026	1,902,307
Restricted for:			·	
Physical plant and equipment levy		42,820	_	42,820
Debt service		5,399	-	5,399
Capital projects		962,708	-	962,708
Categorical programs		5,275	_	5,275
Unrestricted		1,734,347	41,778	1,776,125
Total net assets	\$	4,649,830	44,804	4,694,634

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2009

		Progr	Program Revenues	Net and C	(Expenses) Rev hanges in Net	venue Assets
			Operating Grants, Contributions			
		Charges for	and Restricted	Governmental	Business Type	
	Expenses	Service	Interest	Activities	Activities	Total
Functions/Programs:						
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:	\$ 3,390,699	98,936	756, 298	(2,535,465)	1	(2,535,465)
Support services:						
Student services	89,363	l	1	(89, 363)	1	(89, 363)
Instructional staff services	158,726	ı	ľ	(158,726)	r	(158,726)
Administration services	209,566	ı	1	(509, 566)	ı	(509, 566)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	345,842	1	2,245	(343, 597)	ı	(343,597)
Transportation services	193,975	188	1	(193, 787)	1	(193,787)
	1,297,472	188	2,245	(1,295,039)		(1,295,039)
Other expenditures:						
AEA flowthrough	182,969	i	182,969	ı	ı	I
Long-term liabilities interest	64,605	ı	13	(64,592)	ı	(64,592)
Facilities acquisition and construction	20,188	1	3,793	(16, 395)	1	(16, 395)
Depreciation (unallocated)*	101,790	1		(101,790)	1	(101,790)
	369, 552	1	186,775	(182,777)	1	(182,777)
Total governmental activities	5,057,723	99, 124	945,318	(4,013,281)	1	(4,013,281)
Business type activities: Non-instructional programs:						
Nutrition services	168,512	95,256	72,972	1	(284)	(284)
Total	\$ 5,226,235	194,380	1,018,290	(4,013,281)	(284)	(4,013,565)

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2009

nue	sets				Total
Net (Expenses) Revenue	and Changes in Net Assets			Governmental Business Type	Activities
Net	and C			Governmental	Activities
	Program Revenues	Operating Grants,	Contributions	and Restricted	Interest
	Progr			Charges for	Service
					Expenses

General Revenues:

		×	
Property tax levied for: General purposes Capital outlay	Management Debt Service Income surtax	School Infrastructure Local Option Sales Tax Unrestricted state grants	Unrestricted investment earnings Other

104,873

111,610 104,873 19,328

\$ 1,307,494

547,088

2,183,207

68,402

46,305

52,449

4,440,756

68,402 547,088 2,183,207 46,305 52,449 4,440,756

4,267,443

45,088

4,222,355

4,694,634

44,804

427,191

(284)

427,475

111,610

1,307,494

\$ 4,649,830 Net assets end of year

Net assets beginning of year

Change in net assets

Total general revenues

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2009

	General	Student Activity	Management Levy	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total
Assets							
Cash and pooled investments Receivables:	\$ 1,647,780	36,107	ı	41,113	923,478	5,119	2,653,597
Property cax: Current vear	19,240	ı	1.549	1,707	ı	280	377 66
Succeeding year	1,342,108	ĺ	180,000	118,266	ı	36,813	1,677,187
Income surtax - succeeding year	57,612	I	ı	ı	ı	l	57,612
Due from other governments	8,744	1	İ	1	39,230	1	47,974
Interfund receivable	5,912	1	ı	I	ı	l	5,912
Other receivables	17,299	18,964	1	1	1	1	36, 263
Total assets	\$ 3,098,695	55,071	181,549	161,086	962,708	42,212	4,501,321
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 6,171	ı	ı	1	1	1	6,171
Interfund payable	1	ı	5,912	1	ı	l	5,912
Deferred revenue:							
Succeeding year property tax	1,342,108	1	180,000	118,266	ı	36,813	1,677,187
Succeeding year income surtax	57,612	ı	l	ļ	ı	ı	57,612
Federal programs	24,088		1	1	1	-	24,088
Total liabilities	1,429,979	1	185, 912	118,266	1	36,813	1,770,970
Fund balances:							
Reserved for debt service	l	1	1	ı	1	5,399	5,399
Reserved for capital projects	1	ı	1	Í	962,708	1	962,708
Reserved for categorical programs	5,275	ı	l	ı	ı	ı	5,275
Unreserved	1,663,441	55,071	(4,363)	42,820	1	1	1,756,969
Total fund balances	1,668,716	55,071	(4,363)	42,820	962,708	5, 399	2,730,351
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 3,098,695	55,071	181,549	161,086	962,708	42,212	4,501,321

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2009

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C)	\$	2,730,351
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Income surtax receivable at June 30, 2009 is not recognized as income until received in the governmental funds, however it is shown as a receivable in the Statement of Net Assets.		57 , 612
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		3,544,281
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(4,701)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and early retirement payments are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds	_	(1,677,713)
Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit A)	\$	4,649,830

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund Types

Year ended June 30, 2009

	General	Student Activity	Management Levy	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Capital Projects	Debt	Total
Revenues: Local sources: Local tax	\$ 1,372,724	ı	104,873	111,610	547,088	19,328	2.155.623
Tuition Other	85,995	- 079,971	- 759	1,328	3,793		85,995 303,053
State sources Federal sources	2,794,389	i i	77	81	1 1	13	2,794,560
Total revenues	4,513,106	179,970	105,709	113,019	550,881	19,341	انجال
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:							
Regular Instruction	3,067,514	165,972	170,225	1		1	3,403,711
Support services:							
Student services	89,363	ı	1	ı	1	ı	89,363
Instructional staff services	158,726	Ì	1	ı	1	1	158,726
Administration services	995'605	1	1	1	l	1	509,566
Operation and maintenance of plant services	321,207	ı	24,635	ı	1	ı	345,842
Transportation services	130,581	1	8,518	20,216	1	1	159,315
	1,209,443	1	33, 153	20,216	1	1	1,262,812
Other expenditures:							
AEA flowthrough	182,969	ı	ı	l	ı	I	182,969
Long-term liabilities:							
Frincipal Interest	1 1	ı	l	l	ı	275,000	275,000
Tiretes to the second of the s	I	I	•		I	05,350	
facilities acquisition and construction	1	1	1	55, 931	1	1	55,931
•	182,969	1	1	55,931	1	340,350	579,250
Total expenditures	4,459,926	165,972	203,378	76,147	1	340,350	5,245,773

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund Types

Year ended June 30, 2009

		5		Physical Plant and			
	General	Student	Management Levy	Equipment Levy	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	53,180	13, 998	(699,76)	36,872	550,881	(321,009)	236,253
Other financing sources(uses): Transfer from Capital Projects Fund Transfer to Debt Service Fund	1 1 1	1 1 1	() 1	1 1 1	(325,000)	325,000	325,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	ν σ ε	7	(033	۶. درم کد	225 881	600 6	0000
Fund balances beginning of year	1,615,536	41,073	93,306	5,948	736,827	1,408	2,494,098
Fund balances end of year	\$ 1,668,716	55,071	(4, 363)	42,820	962,708	5,399	2,730,351

\$ 427,475

COLLINS-MAXWELL COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit E)		\$ 236,253
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Income surtaxes not collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are included as deferred revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the Statement of Activities.		3,172
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are not reported in the Statement of Net Activities and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. Capital activity for the year is as follows:		
Acquisition of capital assets Depreciation expense	\$ 35,743 (136,450)	(100,707)
Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.		
General obligation bonds		275,000
Early retirement expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Payments		13,012
Interest on long-term liabilities in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues,		
regardles of when it is due.		745

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit B)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets $\hbox{Proprietary Fund}$

Year ended June 30, 2009

	School Nutrition
Operating revenue:	
Local sources:	
Charges for services	\$ 95,256
Operating expenses:	
Non-instructional programs:	
Food service operations:	
Salaries	69,445
Benefits	9,676
Supplies	87,846
Depreciation	1,545
Total operating expenses	168,512
Operating (loss)	(73,256)
Non-operating revenues:	
State sources	2,168
Federal sources	69,979
Interest income	825
	72,972
Changes in net assets	(284)
Net assets beginning of year	45,088
Net assets end of year	\$ 44,804

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2009

	School Nutrition
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts	\$ 95,162
Cash payments to employees for services	(79,121)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(74,491)
Net cash (used by) operating activities	(58,450)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
State grants received	2,168
Federal grants received	53,991
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	56,159
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	825
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,466)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	42,410
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$ 40,944
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash used by	
operating activities:	
Operating (loss)	\$ (73,256)
Adjustments to reconcile operating profit (loss) to net cash	
provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Depreciation	1,545
Commodities used	15,988
(Increase) in inventory	(2,633)
(Decrease) in unearned revenue	(94)
	\$ (58,450)

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the District received federal commodities valued at \$15,988.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2009

		Private Purpose Trusts		
	Sch	nolarships		
Assets				
Cash	\$	222,273		
Land		587,500		
Total assets		809,773		
Net Assets Reserved for scholarships		809,773		
Total net assets	\$	809,773		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2009

	Private PurposeTrusts
	Scholarships
Additions:	
Local sources:	
Rent	\$ 46,394
Interest on investments	4,337
Contributions	11,086
Miscellaneous	875
Total additions	62,692
Deductions:	
Support services:	
Property maintenance costs	6,026
Scholarships	30,850
Total deductions	36,876
Change in net assets	25,816
Net assets beginning of year	783,957
Net assets end of year	\$ 809,773

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2009

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Collins-Maxwell Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve. The geographic area served includes the Cities of Collins and Maxwell, Iowa, and agricultural area in Jasper, Marshall, Polk and Story Counties. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Collins-Maxwell Community School District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. Collins-Maxwell Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Story County Assessor's Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The District has opted to include all governmental funds as major funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Physical Plant and Equipment Levy Fund is utilized to account for the maintenance and equipping of the District's facilities.

The Management Levy Fund is utilized for the payment of insurance, unemployment and early retirement benefits.

The Student Activity Fund is used to account for extra curricular activities conducted on behalf of the students.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's long-term debt.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for funds raised by the one-cent School Infrastructure Local Option Sales Tax. These funds are being used for debt retirement and infrastructure expenses.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The District's proprietary fund is the Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund. This fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District.

The District also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net assets and changes in net assets. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the District under trust agreements which require income earned to be used for scholarship payments.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The proprietary fund of the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the Enterprise Fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash, Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, they have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Current property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget by April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year become effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2007 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2008.

<u>Due from Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount
Land	\$ 1,000
Buildings	10,000
Improvements other than buildings	10,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	10,000
Other furniture and equipment	10,000

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives (In Years)
Buildings Improvements other than buildings Furniture and equipment	50 years 20-50 years 5-15 years

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as property tax receivables and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred revenue in the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied and federal program revenues that were received in the current years but will not be spent until future years.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - District employees accumulated a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability is deemed to be immaterial at June 30, 2009.

<u>Long-Term Liabilities</u> - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column in the Statement of Net Assets.

 $\underline{\text{Fund Equity}}$ - In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts that are not available for appropriation or legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

Restricted Net Assets - In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2009, expenditures did not exceed the amounts budgeted in any of the four functions. The District did not exceed the General Fund unspent authorized budget.

(2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2009 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

Ralance

Ralance

The District had no investments at June 30, 2009.

(3) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	End of Year
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 226,464		_	226,464
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Site Improvements	255,127	_	_	255,127
Buildings	5,460,698	_	_	5,460,698
Furniture and Equipment	1,948,336	35,743		1,984,079
Total capital assets being depreciated	7,664,161	35,743		7,699,904
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Site Improvements	194,519	12,757	_	207,276
Buildings	2,166,351	109,214	_	2,275,565
Furniture and Equipment	1,884,767	14,479	_	1,899,246
Total accumulated depreciation	4,245,637	136,450		4,382,087
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,418,524	(100,707)		3,317,817
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$3,644,988	(100,707)		3,544,281

	Ве	Balance eginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
Business type activities: Furniture and equipment Less accumulated depreciation Business type activities capital assets, net	\$	18,533 13,962 4,571	1,545 (1,545)	- - -	18,533 15,507 3,026
Depreciation expense was charged to the following Governmental activities: Support services: Transportation Unallocated Total depreciation expenses - governmental		-			\$ 34,660 101,790 \$ 136,450
Business Type activities: Food service operations					\$ 1,545

(4) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 4.10% of their annual salary and the District is required to contribute 6.35% of annual covered salary for the year ending June 30, 2009. Contribution requirements are established by State statute. The District's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$182,646, \$162,386, and \$148,391 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(5) Risk Management

Collins-Maxwell Community School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(6) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$182,969 for year ended June 30, 2009 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

(7) Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2009 are summarized as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds	Early Retirement	<u>Total</u>
Balance beginning of year Additions Reductions	\$1,920,000 - 275,000	45,725 13,405 26,417	1,965,725 13,405 301,417
Balance end of year	\$ <u>1,645,000</u>	32,713	1,677,713

General Obligation Bonds Payable

Details of the District's June 30, 2009 general obligation bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rate	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2010	3.25%	\$ 280,000	56,413	336,413
2011	3.40	285,000	47,312	332,312
2012	3.40	295,000	37,623	332,623
2013	3.40	300,000	27,592	327,592
2014	3.55	310,000	17,393	327,393
2015	3.65	175,000	6,387	181,387
Total		\$ <u>1,645,000</u>	<u>192,720</u>	1,837,720

(8) Interfund Transfers

The detail of Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2009 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount
Debt Service	Capital Projects	\$325,000

Transfers generally move revenues from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Balances -Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2009

Final to Actual	Variance		1 (340,919)			6 (658, 292)		3 1,768,122			7	7 3,184,972		1) 2,526,680	(50,000)		1) 2,476,680	298,475	2,775,155
Budgeted Amounts	Final		2,981,671	3,118,875	208,000	6,308,546		5,171,833	2,475,418	235,624	716,382	8,599,257		(2,290,711)	20,000		(2,240,711)	2,240,711	
Budgeted	Original		2,973,171	3,127,375	208,000	6,308,546		5,171,833	2,475,418	235,624	716,382	8,599,257		(2,290,711)	20,000		(2,240,711)	2,240,711	
Total	Actual		2,640,752	2,796,728	212,774	5,650,254		3,403,711	1,262,812	168,512	579,250	5,414,285		235,969	1		235,969	2,539,186	2,775,155
Proprietary Fund Type	Actual		96,081	2,168	626,69	168,228		1	l	168,512	1	168,512		(284)	1		(284)	45,088	44,804
Governmental Fund Types	Actual		\$ 2,544,671	2,794,560	142,795	5,482,026		3,403,711	1,262,812	1	579,250	5,245,773		236,253	1		236,253	2,494,098	\$ 2,730,351
		Revenues:	Local sources	State sources	Federal sources	Total revenues	Expenditures:	Instruction	Support services	Non-instructional programs	Other expenditures	Total expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of revenues	over (under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)	expenditures and other financing uses	Balance beginning of year	Balance end of year

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

Year ended June 30, 2009

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on a GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula.

During the year ended June 30, 2009, expenditures did not exceed the amounts budgeted in any of the four functions. The District did not exceed the General Fund unspent authorized budget.



Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2009

Account	Balance Beginning	Downwar	Europa di human	Balance End of
Account	<u>of Year</u>	Revenues	Expenditures	Year
MS Plays	\$ -	295	295	_
Vocal Music	_	6,257	3,503	2,754
Instrumental Music	15	1,060	1,010	65
Concert	_	17,707	16,763	944
Music	_	9,648	8,208	1,440
CM Athletics	1,042	1,718	2,760	1,440
CMB Athletics	1,042			
JH Track	4	41,487 1,147	39,855	1,632 39
Golf	_	1,353	1,112 1,353	_
Football	_			_
Baseball	_	4,743	4,743	_
	110	718	718	110
Boys Basketball	119		-	119
Wrestling	6	-	-	6
Youth Wrestling	116	-	-	116
Girls Basketball	2	-	-	2
Volleyball	-	499	499	-
Soccer	608	831	831	608
Softball	1,038	1,921	1,974	985
Girls Track	45	-	-	45
Class of 2008	197	-	197	_
FFA	7,178	12,324	8,327	11,175
Class of 2009	998	-	497	501
Class of 2012	500	-	-	500
Class of 2010	500	6,787	6,567	720
Class of 2011	500	-	_	500
Class of 2006	535	-	-	535
Dance Team	4,241	9,957	11,214	2,984
National Honor Society	241	158	80	319
HS Academic	1,321	-	-	1,321
HS Student Council	316	2,012	1,789	539
Ice Cream	654	1,405	-	2,059
MS Student Council	1,679	10,581	10,237	2,023
JH Softball	170	-	_	170
CHAMPS	322	774	542	554
Vending	950	13,641	13,288	1,303
Yearbook	226	6,814	6,599	441
Wrestling Cheerleaders	-	1,061	1,061	-
Football Cheerleaders	337	_	(617)	954
Cheerleader	714	528	528	714
Book Fair	264	8,576	8,576	264
Shop	_	107	43	64
Spanish Club	1	_	_	1
Elementary	2,630	7,158	8,043	1,745
Pepsi	2,910	5,368	(913)	9,191
JH Basketball	580	· -	_	580
Volleyball	1,063	2,548	3,281	330
JH Cheerleading	124	150	· <u>-</u>	274
Math and Science	_	=	-	_
Courtyard	666	100	100	666
Baseball	69	_	_	69
Interest	5,118	537	2,909	2,746
Scoreboards	3,074			3,074
Total	41,073	179,970	165,972	55,071

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Schedule of Changes in Private Purpose Trusts

Year ended June 30, 2009

Account	Begi	ance nning Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Balance End of Year
Atwood Trust	\$ 1	5,192	690	500	15,382
Lions Club		_	5,250	_	5,250
Brethren		_	5,836	_	5,836
Robison Educational Opportunity Fund	76	8,765	50,916	36,376	783,305
Total	\$ 78	3,957	62,692	36,876	809,773

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function All Governmental Funds

For the Last Six Years

2004 2005 Modified Accrual Basis 2006 2007 2008 2009

Revenues:						
Local sources:						
Local tax	\$ 2,155,623	1,978,105	1,968,465	1,822,223	1,886,379	1,749,664
Tuition	85,995	94,385	126,671	215,461	147,557	122,126
Other	303,053	267,687	295,368	224,408	197,490	153,445
State sources	2,794,560	2,796,247	2,581,360	2,538,211	2,410,086	2,211,514
Federal sources	142,795	133,000	110,827	145,682	89,737	121,278
Total	\$ 5,482,026	5,269,424	5,082,691	4,945,985	4,731,249	4,358,027
Expenditures:						
Instruction	\$ 3,403,711	3,136,260	3,044,761	2,794,039	2,732,563	2,553,271
Support services:					•	
Student	89,363	89,818	79,943	50,864	74,809	75,025
Instructional staff	158,726	155,090	154,064	174,582	271,000	189,210
Administration	509,566	483,980	473,002	464,577	433,544	458,896
Operation and maintenance of plant	345,842	345,604	318,243	347,620	387,612	389,323
Transportation	159,315	165,695	160,463	248,149	133,490	119,164
Non-instructional programs:						
Community service and education operations	ı	1	1	ı	1	3,000
Other expenditures:						
Facilities acquisition	55,931	154,683	141,004	89,446	10,562	44,641
Debt service:						-
Principal	275,000	260,000	255,000	195,000	185,000	175,000
Interest and service charges	65,350	73,150	80,800	140,483	149,657	157,982
AEA flowthrough	182,969	172,246	162,388	154,124	148,384	147,670
Total	\$ 5,245,773	5,036,526	4,869,668	4,658,884	4,526,621	4,313,182

BRUCE D. FRINK

Certified Public Accountant

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance
with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of Collins-Maxwell Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities and each major fund of Collins-Maxwell Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated January 5, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Collins-Maxwell Community School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of Collins-Maxwell Community School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Collins-Maxwell Community School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies, including deficiencies we consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Collins-Maxwell Community School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood a misstatement of Collins-Maxwell Community School District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Collins-Maxwell Community School District' internal control. We consider the deficiencies in internal control described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

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202 Central Avenue East P.O. Box 241 Clarion, IA 50525 Phone: (515) 532-6659 Fax: (515) 532-3677 bruce@frinkcpa.com A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies that results in more than a remote likelihood a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Collins-Maxwell Community School District's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we believe items I-A-09 and I-B-09 are material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Collins-Maxwell Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. We noted no instances of non-compliance or other matters to be included in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2009 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Collins-Maxwell Community School District's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the District's responses, we did not audit Collins-Maxwell Community School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Collins-Maxwell Community School District and other parties to whom Collins-Maxwell Community School District may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Collins-Maxwell Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

BRUCE D. FRINK

Bruce D. Frik

Certified Public Accountant

January 5, 2010

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2009

Part I: Findings Related to the General Purpose Financial Statements:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES:

I-A-09 Segregation of Duties - During our review of the internal control structure, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine that incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and therefore maximizes the accuracy of the District's financial statements. We noted that one individual has custody of receipts and performs all record-keeping and reconciling functions for the office.

Recommendation - We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the District should review the operating procedures of the office to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - We will review procedures and investigate available alternatives.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

I-B-09 AUDITOR DRAFTING OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED FOOTNOTE DISCLOSURES

Comment - As in prior years, we were requested to draft the audited financial statements and related footnote disclosures as part of our regular audit services. SAS 112, an auditing standard from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, requires auditors to communicate this situation as an internal control deficiency. Ultimately, it is management's responsibility to provide for the preparation of the District's statements and footnotes, and the responsibility of the auditor to determine the fairness of the presentation of those statements. From a practical standpoint we do both for you at the same time in connection with our audit. This is not unusual for us to do this with organizations of your size. However, based on this auditing standard, it is our responsibility to inform you that this deficiency could result in a misstatement to the financial statements that could have been prevented or detected by the District's management. As in prior years, we have instructed management to review a draft of the auditor prepared financial statements in detail for their accuracy; we have answered any questions they might have, and encouraged research of any accounting guidance in connection with the adequacy and appropriateness of classification and disclosure in your financial statements. We are satisfied that the appropriate steps have been taken to provide you with the completed financial statements.

Recommendation - It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

 $\underline{\text{Response}}$ - We feel our review of the draft financials is adequate for us to accept this risk.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2009

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

Certified Budget - Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2009 did not exceed II-A-09 the certified budget amounts in any of the four functions. Questionable Expenditures - No expenditures that may not meet the requirements of II-B-09 public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted. Travel Expense - No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses II-C-09 of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted. Business Transactions - No business transactions between the District and II-D-09 District officials or employees. Bond Coverage - Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in II-E-09 accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations. II-F-09 Board Minutes - No transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board were noted. II-G-09 Certified Enrollment - No variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Department of Education were noted. Deposits and Investments - No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and II-H-09 investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted. Certified Annual Report - The Certified Annual Report was filed with the II-I-09 Department of Education timely and we noted no significant deficiencies in the amounts reported. Categorical Funding - No instances were noted of categorical funding being used II-J-09 to supplant rather than supplement other funds. Statewide Sales and Services Tax - No instances of non-compliance with the use of II-K-09 the statewide sales and services tax revenue provisions of Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted. Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales and services tax. For the year ended June 30, 2009, the District's financial activity and other required information for the statewide sales and services tax are as follows: Beginning balance 547,088 Statewide sales and services tax revenue

325,000

\$222,088

Expenditures/transfers out:

Ending balance

General obligation debt

Debt service for school infrastructure: